



Applicant:
C Juden

Ref. No. DMPA/2021/0933
Made valid on: 5 October 2021

DECISION NOTICE

Description and location of proposal: The conversion and extension of buildings to form 4no. dwellings with associated alterations and proposed new access at Hall Farm, Twyford Road, Twyford, Derby, DE73 7HJ

Decision made: In exercise of its powers as the Local Planning Authority under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and related subordinate legislation, South Derbyshire District Council hereby gives notice that permission/consent for the proposal as described above is hereby **Approved subject to the following Conditions:**

1. The development hereby approved shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: To conform with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004).

2. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with the plans/drawings validated on 5th October 2021 unless as otherwise required by condition attached to this permission or following approval of an application made pursuant to Section 96A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of achieving sustainable development.

3. The development hereby approved shall relate solely to the conversion of the existing building. This permission does not convey permission to demolish and replace the building.

Reason: The erection of a new dwelling in this location would be contrary to the development plan and the objectives of sustainable development.

4. Before the first occupation or use of the development the access and parking areas shown on the approved plans shall be completed and thereafter permanently retained for parking and manoeuvring purposes.

Steffan Saunders

Authorised Officer of the Council

Date: 18 February 2023

Reason: To ensure adequate parking and turning provision, in the interests of highway safety.

5. The access gates must be retained a minimum distance of 15m from the near channel edge of the adjacent carriageway and open inwards.

Reason: In the interests of highway safety enabling vehicles to safely draw off the highway before the gates/obstruction is opened.

6. a) No development shall take place until a Written Scheme of Investigation for archaeological monitoring has been submitted to and approved by the local planning authority in writing. The scheme shall include an assessment of significance and research questions; and
 - 1). The programme and methodology of site investigation and recording;
 - 2). The programme and provision to be made for post investigation analysis and reporting;
 - 3). Provision to be made for publication and dissemination of the analysis and records of the site investigation
 - 4) Provision to be made for archive deposition of the analysis and records of the site investigation; and
 - 5) Nomination of a competent person or persons/organization to undertake the works set out within the Written Scheme of Investigation.
- b) No development shall take place other than in accordance with the archaeological Written Scheme of Investigation approved under condition (a).
- c) The development shall not be occupied until the site investigation and post investigation reporting has been completed in accordance with the programme set out in the archaeological Written Scheme of Investigation approved under condition (a) and the provision to be made for publication and dissemination of results and archive deposition has been secured.

Reason: To enable potential archaeological remains and features to be adequately recorded, in the interests of the cultural heritage of the District, recognising that initial preparatory works could have unacceptable impacts.

7. No development work shall take place between 1st March and 31st August inclusive, unless a recent survey has been undertaken by a competent ecologist to assess the nesting bird activity on site during this period, and details of measures to protect the nesting bird interest on the site, have first been submitted to and improved in writing by the local planning authority and then implemented as approved.

Reason: In order to safeguard protected and/or priority species from undue disturbance and impacts.

8. No development work shall commence until a scheme for the provision of suitable alternative nesting sites for birds including provision for swallows along with a timetable for the implementation of such measures, has been submitted to an approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall be carried out in accordance with the approved scheme.

Reason: In order to safeguard protected and/or priority species from undue disturbance and impacts.

9. The development hereby permitted shall not commence until drainage plans for the disposal of surface water and foul sewage have been submitted to and approved by the Local Planning Authority. The scheme shall be implemented in accordance with the approved details before the development is first brought into use.

Planning Practice Guidance and section H of the Building Regulations 2010 detail surface water disposal hierarchy. The disposal of surface water by means of soakaways should be considered as the primary method. If this is not practical and there is no watercourse is available as an alternative other sustainable methods should also be explored. If these are found unsuitable, satisfactory

evidence will need to be submitted, before a discharge to the public sewerage system is considered.

Reason: To ensure that the development is provided with a satisfactory means of drainage as well as reduce the risk of creating or exacerbating a flooding problem and to minimise the risk of pollution.

10. The development shall not begin until a scheme to deal with contamination of land & ground gas has been submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority. The scheme shall include all of the following measures, unless the local planning authority dispenses with any such requirement specifically in writing:

1. A Phase I site investigation report carried out by a competent person to include a desk study, site walkover, the production of a site conceptual model and a human health and environmental risk assessment, undertaken in accordance with BS 10175: 2011 Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites – Code of Practice.
2. A Phase II intrusive investigation report detailing all investigative works and sampling on site, together with the results of the analysis, undertaken in accordance with BS 10175:2011 Investigation of Potentially Contaminated Sites – Code of Practice. The report shall include a detailed quantitative human health and environmental risk assessment.
3. A remediation scheme detailing how the remediation will be undertaken, what methods will be used and what is to be achieved. A clear end point of the remediation shall be stated, and how this will be validated. Any ongoing monitoring shall also be determined.
4. If during the works contamination is encountered which has not previously been identified, then the additional contamination shall be fully assessed in an appropriate remediation scheme which shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the local planning authority.

Reason: To protect the health of future occupiers of the site from any possible effects of contaminated land, in accordance with local planning policy SD4.

11. A validation report detailing the proposed remediation works and quality assurance certificates to show that the works have been carried out in full accordance with the approved methodology shall be submitted prior to first occupation of the development. Details of any post-remedial sampling and analysis to demonstrate that the site has achieved the required clean-up criteria shall be included, together with the necessary documentation detailing what waste materials have been removed from the site.

Reason: To protect the health of future occupiers of the site from any possible effects of contaminated land, in accordance with local planning policy SD4.

12. Each dwelling shall be constructed and fitted out so that the estimated consumption of wholesome water by persons occupying the dwelling will not exceed 110 litres per person per day, consistent with the Optional Standard as set out in G2 of Part G of the Building Regulations (2015). The developer must inform the building control body that this optional requirement applies.

Reason: To ensure that future water resource needs, wastewater treatment and drainage infrastructure are managed effectively, so to satisfy the requirements of policy SD3 of the Local Plan.

You are advised of the following matters:

In dealing with the application, and further to pre-application advice where that has been given, the Local Planning Authority has positively sought to determine the application in a timely fashion and so promote the delivery of sustainable development in the District. Where practicable, feasible and necessary, and irrespective of the above decision, officers have made proactive attempts to find solutions to identified issues or to improve the quality of the development through negotiation with applicants and/or their nominated representatives, in order to foster the delivery of sustainable development and objectives of the Development Plan.

Changes in intention: any deviation from the approved plans/drawings and/or details should be discussed with the Local Planning Authority in advance. This includes circumstances where the applicant/developer subsequently identifies inaccuracies with the approved documents or conflict with other regulatory requirements. A formal application to amend the proposals or secure a revised permission may be necessary. Failure to secure necessary approval may result in the commencement of enforcement proceedings.

Scope of this decision: this is a planning decision notice which, unless expressly applied for and stated in the description of development above, conveys no decision of associated planning consent (such as listed building or advertisement consent); nor does it convey a decision under, or override, supersede or negate, any other legislation or the need to comply with restrictive covenants under Civil Law. In particular the necessary approval under the Building Regulations and the Public Health Acts must be obtained before the carrying out of building works. Where the adopted highway, including verges and pavements, is to be altered, the Local Highway Authority (Derbyshire County Council) should be contacted to establish its requirements.

Right of appeal to the Secretary of State: if you are aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to refuse permission or consent for your proposal or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, subject to the following:

- if this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, any appeal must be made within 28 days of the date of this notice;
- if an enforcement notice is subsequently served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your planning application, any appeal must be made within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder or minor commercial appeal, the latter as defined by Part 1 Article 2 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier;
- if this is a decision on an application for consent to cut down, top, lop, uproot or otherwise destroy a tree or trees protected by a tree preservation order, or for a decision on a lawful development certificate for proposed works to a listed building, any appeal must be made within 28 days of the date of this notice;
- if this is a decision on an application for advertisement consent, any appeal must be made within 8 weeks of the date of this notice;
- if this is a decision on an application for householder or minor commercial development (the latter as defined by Part 1 Article 2 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015), any appeal must be made within 12 weeks of the date of this notice;
- in all other cases, except for a decision on a lawful development certificate for an existing or proposed use or development, any appeal must be made within 6 months of the date of this notice.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

Appeals must be made using a form which you can get online at www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate or from the Planning Inspectorate at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to them that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission or consent for the proposal or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order. In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based their decision on a direction given by the Secretary of State. If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. Further details can be found online at www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate.

Street naming and numbering: the applicant and/or developer is reminded of the Council's responsibility to issue official addresses for all residential and business premises within South Derbyshire. All new addresses are allocated in line with our street naming and numbering guidance available at www.southderbyshire.gov.uk and you are advised to engage with the Council as soon as possible to enable the issuing of any street and property names/numbers to be created by this development. Any number and/or property name that is associated with identifying individual properties must be displayed in a clear, prominent position that can be read from the roadside. It is the developer's responsibility to erect the appropriate signage once the building(s) is/are ready for occupation. There are two types of the name plate the Council uses: Type A carries the Council's crest, whilst Type B does not. You are advised that the Types are usually expected in the following locations:

- Type A: on classified (A, B and C) roads, at junctions with classified roads, and at the commencement of local distributor roads (roads acting as through routes within developments);
- Type B: intermediate name plates along local distributor roads, on collector roads (roads which run within a development providing access and linking small access roads and access ways), on access roads (roads serving a small number of houses which may also have a surface shared by pedestrians and vehicles), and access ways which have a different name from their access road; all unless at a junction with a classified road (where Type A will be expected instead).

High speed communications: the applicant and/or developer is strongly encouraged, as part of the delivery of any premises on the site, to provide full fibre broadband connections (i.e. from streetside cabinet to the property). Further details of initiatives to support the provision of full fibre connections as part of broadband installation at the site can be obtained from Digital Derbyshire on broadband@derbyshire.gov.uk.

Fire safety in new buildings: the applicant/developer is encouraged to install a sprinkler system in any new premises created on the site in order to reduce the risk of danger from fire to future occupants and property.

Purchase Notices: if permission is refused or granted subject to an unacceptable condition, and the owner of the property claims that the property has consequently become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development/work which has been or would be permitted, the owner may serve on the Council a purchase notice requiring that Council to purchase their interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Enquiries: Any correspondence or enquiries concerning this decision should be sent to planning@southderbyshire.gov.uk quoting the above reference number.