



Applicant:
Kyle Middleton

Ref. No. DMPA/2021/1387
Made valid on: 15 March 2022

DECISION NOTICE

Description and location of proposal: Demolition of existing garage and outbuildings and erection of a dwelling at 63 Woodville Road, Overseal, Swadlincote, DE12 6LU

Decision made: In exercise of its powers as the Local Planning Authority under the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 and related subordinate legislation, South Derbyshire District Council hereby gives notice that permission/consent for the proposal as described above is hereby **Approved subject to the following Conditions:**

1. The development hereby approved shall be begun before the expiration of three years from the date of this permission.

Reason: To conform with Section 91 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 (as amended by Section 51 of the Planning and Compulsory Purchase Act 2004).

2. The development hereby permitted shall be carried out in accordance with plans/drawings; Application Form, Location Plan (ref. 002 as amended, and received by the Local Planning Authority on 19 August 2025), Site Layout (ref. 001 - as amended, and received by the Local Planning Authority on 19 August 2025), Elevations (ref. 003), Floor Plans (ref. 004), Street Scene Elevations (ref. 005) unless as otherwise required by condition attached to this permission or following approval of an application made pursuant to Section 96A of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Reason: For the avoidance of doubt and in the interests of achieving sustainable development.

3. No development shall commence (excluding the demolition of existing structures and site clearance) until;
 - a) a scheme of intrusive investigations has been carried out on site to establish the risks posed to the development by past shallow coal mining activity; and
 - b) any remediation works and/or mitigation measures to address land instability arising from coal mining legacy, as may be necessary, have been implemented on site in full in order to ensure that the site is made safe and stable for the development proposed.The intrusive site investigations and remedial works shall be carried out in accordance with authoritative UK guidance.

Steffan Saunders

Authorised Officer of the Council

Date: 17 October 2025

Reason: To protect the health of the public and the environment from hazards arising from past coal mining which might be brought to light by development of the site, recognising that failure to address such matters prior to development commencing could lead to unacceptable impacts even at the initial stages of works on site, in accordance with Policy SD4.

4. Prior to the occupation of the development, or it being taken into beneficial use, a signed statement or declaration prepared by a suitably competent person confirming that the site is, or has been made, safe and stable for the approved development shall be submitted to the Local Planning Authority for approval in writing. This document shall confirm the methods and findings of the intrusive site investigations and the completion of any remedial works and/or mitigation necessary to address the risks posed by past coal mining activity.

Reason: To protect the health of the public and the environment from hazards arising from past coal mining which might be brought to light by development of the site, in accordance with Policy SD4.

5. Prior to their incorporation in to the building(s) hereby approved, details and/or samples of the facing materials to be used shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The development shall thereafter be constructed using the approved facing materials.

Reason: In the visual interest of the building(s) and the surrounding area in accordance with Policy BNE1.

6. Prior to the occupation of the dwelling a scheme of hard and soft landscaping shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. Details of soft landscaping should evidence compliance with British Standard (BS) 3936: 'Part 1 - Specification for trees and shrubs', BS3969 - 'Recommendations for turf for general purposes' and BS4428 - 'Code of practice for general landscape operations (excluding hard surfaces)'. Where areas of public open space are included in the proposals, the details shall be supplemented with details of play equipment, seating, litter and dog waste bins, signage and other ancillary structures (as necessary). All hard landscaping shall be carried out in accordance with the approved details prior to occupation of the dwelling, whilst all planting, seeding or turfing comprised in the approved scheme shall be carried out in the first planting and seeding seasons following the first occupation of the dwelling or the completion of the development, whichever is the sooner; and any plants which within a period of five years (ten years in the case of trees) from the completion of the development die, are removed or become seriously damaged or diseased shall be replaced in the next planting season with others of similar size and species and thereafter retained for at least the same period, unless the Local Planning Authority gives written consent to any variation.

Reason: In the interest of the visual setting of the development and the surrounding area and in accordance with Policies BNE1, BNE3 and BNE4.

7. Notwithstanding the plans hereby approved, prior to the construction of a boundary wall, fence or gate, details of the position, appearance and materials of such boundary treatments shall be submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority. The boundary treatments shall be completed in accordance with the approved details before the dwelling to which they serve is first occupied or in accordance with a timetable which shall first have been submitted to and approved in writing by the Local Planning Authority.

Reason: In the interests of the character and appearance of the area in accordance with Policy BNE1.

You are advised of the following matters:

- a. This permission is the subject of a unilateral undertaking or agreement under Section 106 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990. All formal submissions to discharge obligations of the undertaking or agreement, or queries relating to such matters, must be made in writing to s106@southderbyshire.gov.uk with the application reference included in correspondence.
- b. The effect of paragraph 13 of Schedule 7A to the Town and Country Planning Act 1990 is that planning permission granted for development of land in England is deemed to have been granted subject to the condition (biodiversity gain condition) that development may not begin unless:
 - (a) a Biodiversity Gain Plan has been submitted to the planning authority, and
 - (b) the planning authority has approved the plan.

The planning authority, for the purposes of determining whether to approve a Biodiversity Gain Plan, if one is

required in respect of this permission would be South Derbyshire District Council.

There are statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements which mean that the biodiversity gain condition does not always apply. These are listed below.

Based on the information available this permission is considered to be one which **will not require the approval of a biodiversity gain plan before development is begun** because one or more of the statutory exemptions or transitional arrangements in the list below is/are considered to apply.

Statutory exemptions and transitional arrangements in respect of the biodiversity gain condition.

1. The application for planning permission was made before 12 February 2024.
- c. The developer should be aware that even if the approved development's impact upon protected species was not raised as an issue by the LPA when determining the application, there remains the possibility that those species may be encountered once work has commenced. The gaining of planning approval does not permit a developer to act in a manner which would otherwise result in a criminal offence to be caused. Where such species are encountered it is recommended the developer cease work and seek further advice from a suitably qualified ecologist as to how to proceed.
- d. Planning Practice Guidance and section H of the Building Regulations 2010 detail surface water disposal hierarchy. The disposal of surface water by means of soakaways should be considered as the primary method. If this is not practical and there is no watercourse is available as an alternative other sustainable methods should also be explored. If these are found unsuitable, satisfactory evidence will need to be submitted, before a discharge to the public sewerage system is considered. No surface water to enter the foul system by any means.

Please note for the use or reuse of sewer connections either direct or indirect to the public sewerage system the applicant will be required to make a formal application to the Company under Section 106 of the Water Industry Act 1991. They may obtain copies of our current guidance notes and application form from either our website (www.stwater.co.uk) or by contacting our Developer Services Team (Tel: 0800 707 6600).

Severn Trent Water advise that although our statutory sewer records do not show any public sewers within the area you have specified, there may be sewers that have been recently adopted under, The Transfer Of Sewer Regulations 2011. Public sewers have statutory protection and may not be built close to, directly over or be diverted without consent and you are advised to contact Severn Trent Water to discuss your proposals.

Severn Trent will seek to assist you obtaining a solution which protects both the public sewer and the building.

In dealing with the application, and further to pre-application advice where that has been given, the Local Planning Authority has positively sought to determine the application in a timely fashion and so promote the delivery of sustainable development in the District. Where practicable, feasible and necessary, and irrespective of the above decision, officers have made proactive attempts to find solutions to identified issues or to improve the quality of the development through negotiation with applicants and/or their nominated representatives, in order to foster the delivery of sustainable development and objectives of the Development Plan.

Changes in intention: any deviation from the approved plans/drawings and/or details should be discussed with the Local Planning Authority in advance. This includes circumstances where the applicant/developer subsequently identifies inaccuracies with the approved documents or conflict with other regulatory requirements. A formal application to amend the proposals or secure a revised permission may be necessary. Failure to secure necessary approval may result in the commencement of enforcement proceedings.

Scope of this decision: this is a planning decision notice which, unless expressly applied for and stated in the description of development above, conveys no decision of associated planning consent (such as listed building or advertisement consent); nor does it convey a decision under, or override, supersede or negate, any other legislation or the need to comply with restrictive covenants under Civil Law. In particular the necessary approval under the Building Regulations and the Public Health Acts must be obtained before the carrying out of building works. Where the adopted highway, including verges and pavements, is to be altered, the Local Highway Authority (Derbyshire County Council) should be contacted to establish its requirements.

Right of appeal to the Secretary of State: if you are aggrieved by the decision of the Local Planning Authority to refuse permission or consent for your proposal or to grant it subject to conditions, then you can appeal to the Secretary of State under Section 78 of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990, subject to the following:

- if this is a decision on a planning application relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as is already the subject of an enforcement notice, any appeal must be made within 28 days of the date of this notice;
- if an enforcement notice is subsequently served relating to the same or substantially the same land and development as in your planning application, any appeal must be made within 28 days of the date of service of the enforcement notice, or within 6 months (12 weeks in the case of a householder or minor commercial appeal, the latter as defined by Part 1 Article 2 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015) of the date of this notice, whichever period expires earlier;

- if this is a decision on an application for consent to cut down, top, lop, uproot or otherwise destroy a tree or trees protected by a tree preservation order, or for a decision on a lawful development certificate for proposed works to a listed building, any appeal must be made within 28 days of the date of this notice;
- if this is a decision on an application for advertisement consent, any appeal must be made within 8 weeks of the date of this notice;
- if this is a decision on an application for householder or minor commercial development (the latter as defined by Part 1 Article 2 of the Town and Country Planning (Development Management Procedure) Order 2015), any appeal must be made within 12 weeks of the date of this notice;
- in all other cases, except for a decision on a lawful development certificate for an existing or proposed use or development, any appeal must be made within 6 months of the date of this notice.

The Secretary of State can allow a longer period for giving notice of an appeal but will not normally be prepared to use this power unless there are special circumstances which excuse the delay in giving notice of appeal.

Appeals must be made using a form which you can get online at www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate or from the Planning Inspectorate at Temple Quay House, 2 The Square, Temple Quay, Bristol, BS1 6PN. The Secretary of State need not consider an appeal if it seems to them that the Local Planning Authority could not have granted planning permission or consent for the proposal or could not have granted it without the conditions they imposed, having regard to the statutory requirements, to the provisions of any development order and to any directions given under a development order. In practice, the Secretary of State does not refuse to consider appeals solely because the Local Planning Authority based their decision on a direction given by the Secretary of State. If you intend to submit an appeal that you would like examined by inquiry then you must notify the Local Planning Authority and Planning Inspectorate (inquiryappeals@planninginspectorate.gov.uk) at least 10 days before submitting the appeal. Further details can be found online at www.gov.uk/planning-inspectorate.

Street naming and numbering: the applicant and/or developer is reminded of the Council's responsibility to issue official addresses for all residential and business premises within South Derbyshire. All new addresses are allocated in line with our street naming and numbering guidance available at www.southderbyshire.gov.uk and you are advised to engage with the Council as soon as possible to enable the issuing of any street and property names/numbers to be created by this development. Any number and/or property name that is associated with identifying individual properties must be displayed in a clear, prominent position that can be read from the roadside. It is the developer's responsibility to erect the appropriate signage once the building(s) is/are ready for occupation. There are two types of the name plate the Council uses: Type A carries the Council's crest, whilst Type B does not. You are advised that the Types are usually expected in the following locations:

- Type A: on classified (A, B and C) roads, at junctions with classified roads, and at the commencement of local distributor roads (roads acting as through routes within developments);
- Type B: intermediate name plates along local distributor roads, on collector roads (roads which run within a development providing access and linking small access roads and access ways), on access roads (roads serving a small number of houses which may also have a surface shared by pedestrians and vehicles), and access ways which have a different name from their access road; all unless at a junction with a classified road (where Type A will be expected instead).

High speed communications: the applicant and/or developer is strongly encouraged, as part of the delivery of any premises on the site, to provide full fibre broadband connections (i.e. from streetside cabinet to the property). Further details of initiatives to support the provision of full fibre connections as part of broadband installation at the site can be obtained from Digital Derbyshire on broadband@derbyshire.gov.uk.

Fire safety in new buildings: the applicant/developer is encouraged to install a sprinkler system in any new premises created on the site in order to reduce the risk of danger from fire to future occupants and property.

Purchase Notices: if permission is refused or granted subject to an unacceptable condition, and the owner of the property claims that the property has consequently become incapable of reasonably beneficial use in its existing state and cannot be rendered capable of reasonably beneficial use by the carrying out of any development/work which has been or would be permitted, the owner may serve on the Council a purchase notice requiring that Council to purchase their interest in the land in accordance with the provisions of Part VI of the Town and Country Planning Act 1990.

Enquiries: Any correspondence or enquiries concerning this decision should be sent to planning@southderbyshire.gov.uk quoting the above reference number.